

DCW20

960W COMBO DC UPS / DC-DC Converter

User Manual







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1 Product description

\triangle Use latest device Documentation, Software and Firmware to ensure reliable operation of the system (downloadable from www.nextys.com).

DCW20 is a microprocessor controlled unit that can perform 2 functions:

- 1. UPS rated 960W/20A usable in any system rated 12...48Vdc
- DC/DC converter (non isolated) rated 960W/20A usable in any combination of IN/OUT voltages 12...48Vdc

For the UPS function, it may use 1 battery of 12V, independently of the operating load voltage. For any supply voltages (12...48Vdc) it may use also multiple battery configuration (10...58Vdc). DCW20 monitors the voltage coming from a DC power supply and in case of power failure a backup battery is supplying the energy to the load. In normal condition the battery is kept charged by an integrated battery charger supporting various battery chemistries.

As a DC/DC converter (no battery present) the input must be connected to the battery connector. The input voltage is converted to any output voltage as per the set-up.

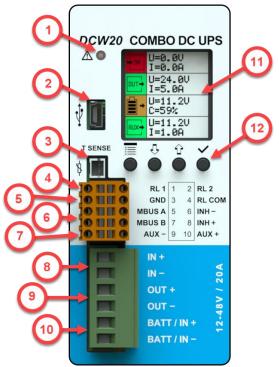


Figure 1: Front panel view

1. Alarm LED indicator: *ON* when the unit is in backup. Blinks at 1Hz rate in case of error.

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- 2. **Modbus over USB**: Used to connect a PC running **POWERMASTER** or custom application for remote monitoring and controlling. Firmware update is also possible through USB connection.
- 3. **Temperature sensor**: Optional temperature sensor (P/N: WNTC-2MT) to measure the battery temperature for protection and temperature compensated charge method.
- Relays dry contacts: 2 relays are present for remote monitoring. See §4.2.26 for more details.
- 5. **Modbus over RS485**: Used to connect a PC running **POWERMASTER** or custom application for remote monitoring and controlling. Firmware update is also possible through RS485 connection.
- 6. **Inhibit input**: A voltage between 5VDC and 30VDC applied to this input activates the inhibit function (§3.4).
- 7. **Auxiliary output supply**: Maximum 5A supply from the battery (unregulated).
- 8. **Input connection**: 2 poles are provided for input connection. This must be connected to a power supply rated 12...48VDC.
- 9. **Output connection**: 2 poles are provided for output connection. It must be connected to the load to be backed up.
- 10. **Battery connection**: 2 poles are provided for battery connection. This must be connected to the battery. Although the unit is protected, please respect the correct polarity.
- 11. Display area: provides information regarding the device status.
- 12. **Control keys:** 4 push buttons are provided to navigate through the menus and to select the various functions.



2 Features and benefits

The main features are:

- Integrated battery charger for 12...48V multi-chemistries batteries with a charging current up to 20A
- Can be operated with SUPERCAP capacitors instead of batteries
- 20 A or 960W rated load
- Automatic sensing of input voltage, load current and battery current
- Battery protection against reverse polarity connection and overcurrent
- Battery health monitoring system: measuring battery resistance, battery temperature, charge/discharge cycles and Coulomb counter
- User settable maximum backup time
- Remote inhibit input
- Connection for a battery thermal sensor (optional)
- Modbus over USB and RS-485 interfaces for control and monitoring
- Auxiliary output from the battery voltage (max. 5A), protected against overcurrent/short circuit
- Suitable for energy management applications
- Suitable for POWERMASTER software (available for Windows and Android)

Embedded user interface:

- 4 keys and 1 color graphic LCD display
- Allows online device configuration
- Displays the DCW20 status and alarms
- 2 Dry contacts for programmable status signals

Free PC and Android application **POWERMASTER** used for:

- Connection through Modbus
- Remote monitoring and configuration
- Firmware upgrade
- Same functionalities of the embedded user interface with the ease of the PC benefits

3 Functional description

DCW20 is a high performance digitally controller DC-UPS that can be used in any DC system with a rated voltage between 12V and 48V and up to 20A.

At the core of the device a bidirectional DC/DC buck-boost converter (see Figure 2) acts as a battery charger when the input supply is present. In case of a power outage (backup) the converter keeps the output voltage regulated draining power from the battery. The converter is digitally controlled.

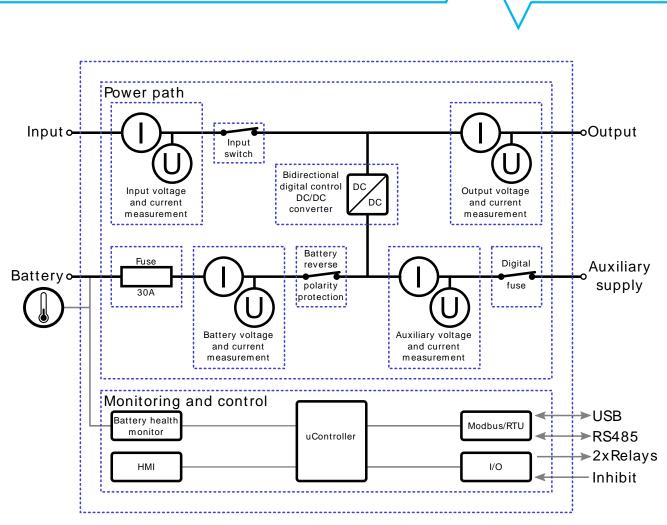


Figure 2: DCW20 simplified block diagram

3.1 UPS mode

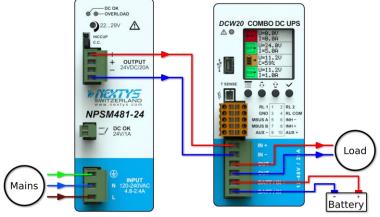


Figure 3: UPS connection example

In UPS mode the DCW20 protects a load from unwanted power interruption in case of mains failure. An example of UPS connection is given on Figure 3.

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When the input is present DCW20 acts as a bypass, connecting the input to the output via the input switch. Meanwhile, if required, the battery is charged. During bypass there is no voltage conversion, therefore the output supply voltage is equal to the input voltage.

In case of power outage, the DCW20 takes energy from the battery to keep the output regulated at "*Nominal output voltage*" (§4.2.20).

3.1.1 Backup

The system is in backup mode if the supply for the output is sourced from the battery (input supply missing). During backup the battery is monitored continuously to prevent over discharge.

A **programmable backup timer** (§4.2.24) is also implemented in order to fix a maximum backup time during power outages. This allows preserving the battery life and shortening the recharge time, avoiding discharging the battery when not needed.

During backup the internal Coulomb counter is used to give an estimation of the residual charge of the battery.

Backup starts when the output voltage is lower than 90% of the "Nominal output voltage" (§4.2.20).

3.1.2 Battery health monitor

The battery health monitor is composed of:

- Internal resistance measurement: The resistance is periodically measured. The internal resistance is a good indicator of the battery health status; a sudden increase of the internal resistance indicates a potential problem on the battery or on the battery wiring.
- ▶ **Temperature measurement**: The battery temperature is monitored through an optional temperature sensor (*P/N: WNTC-2MT*). The battery charger takes into account the battery temperature and provides a temperature compensated charging voltage. In case of over or under temperature the system disconnects the battery to prevent damage.
- **Coulomb counter**: Estimates the remaining battery capacity and consequently the available backup time.
- **Deep discharge protection**: It protects against the deep discharge of the battery which can lead to its irreversible damage.

The battery internal resistance (Ri) is measured by draining a defined AC current through an active load (AL) from the battery and measuring the AC voltage drop across the load terminals. The principle is represented in Figure 4.

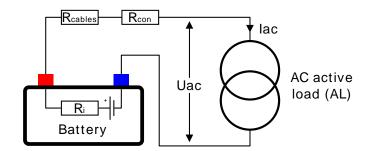


Figure 4: Internal resistance measurement

The measured resistance is the sum of the *battery internal resistance*, the *cables resistance* and the *connectors resistance*, therefore cabling problem such as loose connectors are also detected with Ri measurement.

When high capacity batteries and/or small and long cables are used R_{cables} + R_{con} may be > Ri.

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3.1.3 Battery charger

The battery charger supports **various chemistries** such Lead-Acid, Nickel, Lithium and Supercapacitors. The charging algorithm for each chemistry is given below. Other charging algorithms can be implemented by request (contact factory).

The battery charger automatically reduces the current to avoid exceeding the maximum input current (§4.2.21) in case of high current load.

The user must set the following parameters to allow the charger to perform correctly:

- Battery type (§4.2.5).
- Battery charge voltage (§4.2.6)
- Battery charge current (§4.2.7)
- Battery float voltage (§4.2.8)

The battery charge terminates in case at least one of the following conditions are satisfied:

- Low current: The measured battery charge current is lower than 10% of the "Battery charge current" while the measured voltage is at least 98% of the "Battery charge voltage".
- **Timer:** the charge is terminated after the battery has been charged for a predetermined amount of time. The value is automatically calculated by the device.

For Nickel batteries only, the following conditions are also checked:

- ▶ **Temperature Cutoff (TCO):** The battery temperature if higher than the "Battery maximal temperature" (§4.2.14) minus 3°C for more than one minute. For example, if the maximal battery temperature is set to 60°C, the charge terminates in case the temperature is higher than 57°C.
- Rate of Temperature Increase (ΔT/dt): The battery temperature is rising at a rate equal or superior to 1°C/min. To avoid unattended end of charge do not place the system on an ambient with rapid changes of temperature (for example exposed to direct sunlight).

The charger voltage is independent on the input voltage (power supply), and is user settable.

Lead acid and lithium batteries share the same 3 stages charging algorithm as shown on Figure 5.

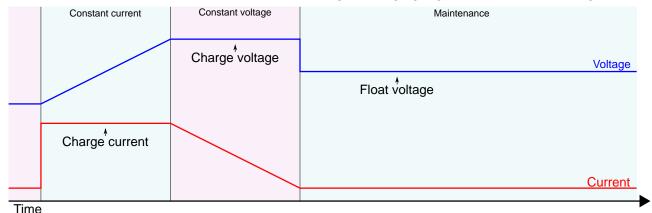


Figure 5: Lead acid and Lithium charging algorithm

For nickel batteries, during maintenance, the DCW20 gives pulses of 3s every 30s with a maximum current of 1/10 of "*Battery charge current*" and maximum voltage equal to "*Battery charge voltage*".

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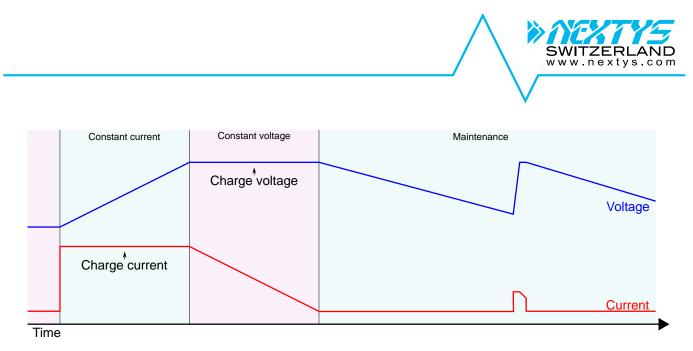


Figure 6: Nickel charging algorithm

For Supercapacitor after the constant current phase the algorithm goes directly to maintenance keeping the voltage at "*Battery charge voltage*".

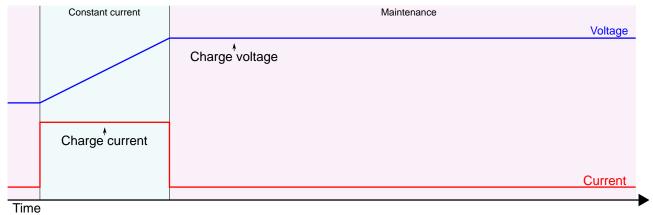


Figure 7: Supercapacitors charging algorithm

A Warning: In order to avoid potentially hazardous situations including fire hazard, safety recommendations must be followed. Only authorized staff can install the unit.

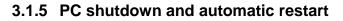
 \triangle Warning: For Lithium cells the balancing and protection circuit must be included in the battery pack.

 \triangle For Nickel batteries the use of the external temperature sensor is mandatory. The sensor must be placed in contact with the battery.

3.1.4 Coulomb counter

DCW20 measures the current flowing from / to the battery to keep track of the capacity available on the battery. The capacity is measured in Ampere Hour [Ah]. The value shown is based on the following assumptions:

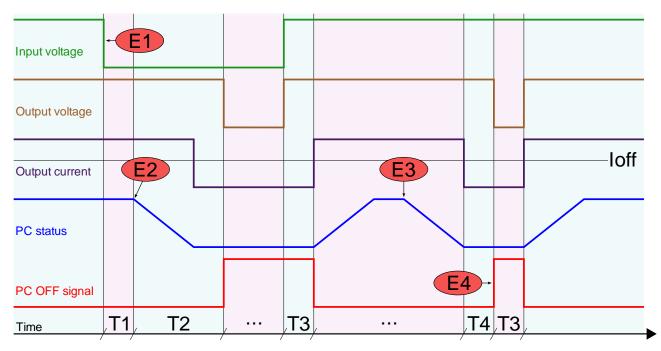
- The value shown is just informative and does not represent the real state of charge of the battery in some circumstances, for example if the battery is damaged.
- When the battery is connected for the first time or the system starts from OFF, the system assumes the battery is fully discharged and start with 0Ah counter.
- Once the battery is fully charged the system sets the counter to the nominal capacity specified by the user (§4.2.12).



PC shutdown: In case the DCW20 is used to supply a PC it is possible to automatically shut down the PC after an adjustable time of backup. For this the PC must run the **POWERMASTER** application (provided free) and must be connected through Modbus. Optionally **POWERMASTER** can call a task on the PC before shutting down, for example to backup some sensitive data.

Automatic restart: DCW20 is able to automatically restart a PC which was powered OFF by mistake, for example in case of the Operating System (OS) crash. The user may adjust an output current threshold and a timer used for detecting the PC OFF status. In order to restart the PC the DCW20 toggles the output OFF and then ON again. User must enable in the PC BIOS the automatic start in case of supply ON.

The diagram below shows the DCW20 behavior when Shutdown and automatic restart is enabled.





Parameter	Name	Description
E1	Backup	Power failure on the line happens. System enters backup
		mode.
E2	Automatic PC	The POWERMAGTER sends a shutdown command to the PC.
	shutdown	Optionally: a task is called before shutdown.
E3	Unexpected PC	The PC shutdowns in an unexpected way, for example caused
	shutdown	by OS crash.
E4	PC restart	DCW20 detects the PC being OFF because the output current
		was lower than loff current threshold for T4 time. As a
		consequence, DCW20 generates an ON->OFF->ON cycle on
		its output.
T1	PC shutdown delay	User settable (§4.2.4). Time between start of backup and start
		of PC shutdown procedure.
T2	PC shutdown time	User settable (§4.2.5). Time between start of shutdown
		procedure and output voltage OFF. This time must be set
		longer than the maximum time the PC takes to complete the

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		shutdown.			
T3	PC restart minimum	User settable (§4.2.6). T3 is the delay used between the return			
	OFF time	of the input voltage and the activation of the output. The same			
		time is used by the automatic restart function as power OFF			
		time to restart the PC. The value must be big enough for the			
		PC to detect the supply ON->OFF->ON cycle to restart.			
T4	PC OFF detection	User settable (§4.2.8). Minimum time at which the output			
	timer	current must be below the loff current threshold to trigger the			
		automatic PC restart (PC supply ON->OFF->ON cycle).			
loff	PC OFF detection	User settable (§4.2.7). Current threshold used to detect PC			
	current threshold	OFF status. This value must be lower than the minimum PC			
		current consumption when this is ON.			
	Table 4. Shutdown and restart				

Table 1: Shutdown and restart

The parameters are settable through the DCW20 user interface or using the POWERMASTER application. The checkbox "Run on startup" must be checked on POWERMASTER when PC shutdown function is used. To inhibit the software from calling the shutdown command user can select the "Inhibit shutdown" check box.

3.1.6 Cold start

The cold start is a procedure that allows turning ON the UPS without the input power. This procedure is used to turn ON the UPS to operate during a power interruption. This practice is also a method to see if the battery connected to the DCW20 is functional.

In cold start the DCW20 will remain ON for at least 60 seconds independently from the battery voltage (even when being under the deep discharge threshold), the inhibit input and the backup timer.

After the first 60 seconds the device stays ON until the battery is not deep discharged, the backup timer is not expired or the inhibit input is not active.

If the input supply returns during cold start the device reverts to normal operation.

To cold start the DCW20:

3.2 DC/DC mode

- on the screen. On the status screen the "Cold start" text is written beside the input icon.
- Release the buttons.

DC OK DCW20 COMBO DC UPS 22...29V \wedge NPSM481-24 DC OK Load Mains

Figure 9: DC/DC connection example

DCW20 can be used as a high performance DC/DC converter. An example of DC/DC connection is given on Figure 9.

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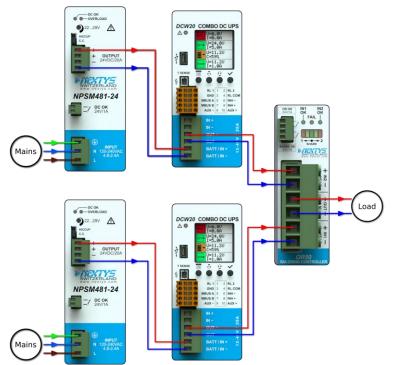
Any voltage between 10V to 55V can be converted to any voltage between 10V (step-up and step-down 55V to operation) with up to 20A input or output current.

Input and output are protected against over current with user settable limits (§3.3).

When used as a DC/DC converter the input supply must be connected to the battery connector as shown on Figure 9.

- Press and hold simultaneously the \blacksquare and \hat{v} buttons until you see the welcome message





3.2.1 Parallel operation

Figure 10: DC/DC parallel connection example with External redundancy module When configured as DC/DC converter multiple DCW20 can be connected with output in parallel for power increase or redundancy.

In this mode of operation, the field "*DC/DC* output mode" (§4.2.29) must be set to "Parallel".

In case of parallel for redundancy an external ORing module (for example OR50) is required.

For proper operation between the 2 units the cable length connecting the 2 DCW20 to the load must have the same length and cross-section.

For optimal current sharing it may be necessary to slightly adjust one of the 2 devices output voltage until the same current is delivered by the 2 units.

It is recommended to limit the load power to 80% of the sum of the individual output power of the paralleled units.

A Parallel connection for power increase of multiple DCW20 units is not recommended in UPS mode. Contact factory for details.

3.3 Current limit

DCW20 has the ability to limit the current flowing through its input, output and battery terminals to a user settable threshold.

3.3.1 Current limit in UPS mode

In UPS mode DCW20 provides 3 different settings for the current limit:

- **Maximum input current** (§4.2.21), default 20A: it is used to limit the input current at a specified threshold. For example if the DC power supply is rated less than 20A the threshold can be lowered to avoid too high current drain from the power supply. When the input current limit is reached the battery charging current is limited; if the input current can not be kept below the threshold due to excessive loading an input overcurrent alarm is triggered. When the input current is approaching the threshold, the measured input current is displayed with red fonts on the LCD.
- **Maximum output current** (§4.2.22), default 20A: it is used to limit the maximum current delivered to the load. When the threshold is reached due to excessive loading an output overcurrent alarm is triggered. When the output current is approaching the threshold, the measured output current is displayed with red fonts on the LCD.
- **Battery maximum discharge current** (§4.2.11), default 20A: it is used to limit the maximum discharge current delivered from the battery during the backup function. When the threshold is reached due to excessive loading a battery overcurrent alarm is triggered and the output voltage starts to decrease. When the battery discharge current is approaching the threshold, the measured battery current is displayed with red fonts on the LCD.

3.3.2 Current limit in DC/DC mode

In DC/DC mode DCW20 provides 2 different settings for the current limit:

- **Maximum input current** (§4.2.21), default 20A: it is used to limit the input current at a specified threshold. For example if the DC power supply is rated less than 20A the threshold can be lowered to avoid too high current drain from the power supply. When the input current limit is reached due to excessive loading an input overcurrent alarm is triggered. When the input current is approaching the threshold, the measured input current is displayed with red fonts on the LCD.
- **Maximum output current** (§4.2.22), default 20A: it is used to limit the maximum current delivered to the load. When the threshold is reached due to excessive loading an output overcurrent alarm is triggered and the output voltage starts to decrease. When the output current is approaching the threshold, the measured output current is displayed with red fonts on the LCD.

3.4 Inhibit

An **opto-isolated input** allows the inhibition of the backup function in UPS mode or switching off the output on DC/DC mode. The polarity of the input can be defined using the "*Inhibit polarity*" field (§4.2.28).

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3.5 Modbus

DCW20 communicates through Modbus/RTU as specified on "<u>MODBUS over Serial Line</u>" and "<u>MODBUS APPLICATION PROTOCOL SPECIFICATION</u>" documents available on <u>http://www.modbus.org/</u>.

Table 2 contains the field types and Table 3 the mapped fields. For types bigger then 16bit, access all registers in one transaction (multiple register read or write) to ensure atomic operation.

Туре	Modbus		Modbus Description function codes					
			_					
	Read	Write						
BIT	1,2	5,15	Single	Single bit with value 0 or 1				
SINT16	3,4	6,16	Signed	d 16 bit value (2's d	complen	nent)		
UINT16	3,4	6,16	Unsigr	ned 16 bit value				
SINT32	3	16		d 32 bit value (2' ers in big-endian o		lement) Composed of 2 consecutive		
UINT32	3	16	U	Unsigned 32 bit value. Composed of 2 consecutive registers in big- endian order.				
DATE	3	16	Time a	Time and date field. Composed of 4 Modbus registers as follows:				
				Address offset	Byte	Description		
				0	MSB	Reserved, set to 0		
					LSB	Year-2000		
				1	MSB	Month (1=January)		
					LSB	Day of the month		
				2	MSB	Hour of the day (24h format)		
					LSB	Minutes		
				3	MSB	Milliogeopte		
					LSB	Milliseconds		

Table 2: Modbus types

Address	Туре	R/W	Unit	Min.	Max.	Description
Common	Common					
0x0010	DATE	R/W			R/W	Real time clock.
Settings (see §4.2)						
0x1000	UINT16	R/W	1	1	247	Modbus address.
0x1001	UINT16	R/W	1	1	5	Modbus baudrate.
						1: 9600 baud
						2: 19200 baud
						3: 38400 baud
						4: 57600 baud
						5: 115200 baud
0x1002	UINT16	R/W	1	1	3	Modbus parity.
						1: None
						2: Even
						3: Odd
0x1003	UINT16	R/W	1	1	2	Modbus stop bits.
0x1010	UINT16	R/W	1	1	4	Battery type.
						1: Lead
						2: Nickel

R/W Description Address Unit Min. Max. Туре 3: Lithium 4: Supercapacitor UINT16 R/W 0.1V 10 58 Battery charge voltage. 0x1011 0x1012 UINT16 R/W 0.1A 0.5 20 Battery charge current. UINT16 R/W 0.1V 10 58 Battery float voltage. 0x1013 R/W 58 0x1014 UINT16 0.1V 5 Battery low voltage. UINT16 R/W 0.1V 5 0x1015 58 Battery deep discharge voltage. 0x1016 UINT16 R/W 0.1A 5 21 Battery max. discharge current. 200 0x1017 UINT16 R/W 0.1Ah 1 Batterv capacity Supercap capacitance. 1°C R/W 0x1018 SINT16 -40 60 Battery min. temperature. 0x1019 SINT16 R/W 1°C -40 60 Battery max. temperature. 0x101A UINT16 R/W 1kh 100 1 Battery lifetime. 0x101B UINT16 R/W 1 0 3 Ri alarm mode. 0: Disabled 1: Fix 2: Automatic 3: Automatic done 0x101C UINT16 R/W 0.1mΩ 0 300 Ri nom. 0x101D UINT16 R/W 1% 50 300 Ri max. variation. 0x1020 UINT16 R/W 1 2 Operating mode. 1 1: UPS 2: DC/DC 0x1021 UINT16 R/W 0.1 10 58 Nominal output voltage. UINT16 R/W 0.1 0x1022 5 21 Max. input current. 0x1023 UINT16 R/W 0.1 1 21 Max. output current. 0x1024 UINT16 R/W 1 0 1 Max. Backup time enable. 0: Disabled 1: Enabled R/W 0x1025 UINT16 1m 1 1440 Max. backup time. 0x1026 UINT16 R/W 1 0 Buzzer enable. 1 0: Disabled 1: Enabled Relay 1 configuration (see §4.2.26). 0x1027 UINT16 R/W 1 0 65535 UINT16 R/W 0 Relay 2 configuration (see §4.2.27). 0x1028 1 65535 0x1029 UINT16 R/W 1 1 2 Inhibit polarity. 1: Low 2: High 0x102A UINT16 R/W DC/DC output mode. 1 1 2 1: Single 2: Parallel UINT16 Output enable. 0x102B R/W 1 0 1 0: Disabled 1: Enabled R/W 0x102C UINT16 1 0 1 Aux enable. 0: Disabled 1: Enabled 0x1030 UINT16 R/W 1 PC shutdown enable. 0 1 0: Disabled 1: Enabled UINT16 R/W 0x1031 1 0 1 PC automatic restart enable. 0: Disabled

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R/W Description Address Unit Min. Max. Туре 1: Enabled 0x1032 UINT16 R/W 1s 1 3600 PC shutdown delay. 0x1033 UINT16 R/W 1s 1 600 PC shutdown time. UINT16 R/W 1s 1 0x1034 60 PC restart minimum time. R/W 0 20 PC off detection current threshold. 0x1035 UINT16 0.1A 0x1036 UINT16 R/W 60 PC off detection timer. 1s 1 DATE 0 0x1100 R/W 1 1 Battery installation date UINT16 R/W 1 0 0x1104 65535 Battery charge cycles Metering SINT16 R 0.1V 60 0x2000 0 Input voltage. 0 40 0x2001 SINT16 R 0.1A Input current 0x2002 SINT16 0.1V 0 R 60 Output voltage. SINT16 0x2003 R 0.1A 0 40 Output current. 0x2004 SINT16 R 0.1V 0 60 Battery voltage. -25 0x2005 SINT16 R 0.1A 25 Battery current. 0x2006 SINT16 R 0.1V 0 60 Auxiliary voltage. 0 20 0x2007 SINT16 R 0.1A Auxiliary current. External temperature. 0x2008 SINT16 R 0.1°C -40 85 0x2009 SINT16 R 0.1mΩ 0 3000 Battery internal resistance. SINT16 R 0.1% 0 100 0x200A Battery charge percent. 0x200B SINT16 R 0.1Ah 0 10000 Battery charge capacity. 0x2010 UINT16 R 0 65535 Boot cycles. 1cycle 0x2020 UINT32 R 1h 0 500000 Operating time. 0x2022 UINT32 R 1h 0 500000 Battery operating time. Commands 0x3000 W 0 Perform Ri measurement. BIT 1 1 0x3001 BIT W 1 0 1 Shutdown. BIT W 1 0 0x3002 1 Reset device. State (see §4.4) 0x4000 BIT R 1 0 1 Battery charging 0x4001 BIT R 1 0 1 Battery floating. 0x4002 BIT R 1 0 1 Battery discharging. R 1 0x4010 BIT 1 0 Battery disconnected. R 0x4011 BIT 1 0 1 Battery Ri too high. 0x4012 BIT R 1 0 1 Battery under temperature. R 1 BIT 1 0 0x4013 Battery over temperature. 0x4014 BIT R 1 0 1 Battery lifetime elapsed. 0x4015 BIT R 1 0 1 Battery charge failure. R Battery SoC < 25%. 0x4016 BIT 1 0 1 BIT R 1 0 0x4017 1 Battery over discharge current. 0x4018 BIT R 0 1 1 Battery low. R 1 BIT 1 Battery deep discharged. 0x4019 0 0x4020 BIT R 1 0 1 USB powered. 0x4021 BIT R 0 1 Cold start. 1 BIT R 1 0 1 0x4022 PC shutdown. R 0 0x4023 BIT 1 1 PC power off. 0x4024 BIT R 1 0 1 External temperature sensor presence. BIT R 1 1 0x4025 0 Inhibit. 0x4026 BIT R 1 0 1 Output disabled. R 0x4027 BIT 1 0 1 Auxiliary output disabled. 1 0x4030 BIT R 1 0 Backup.

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Address	Туре	R/W	Unit	Min.	Max.	Description
0x4031	BIT	R	1	0	1	Input under voltage.
0x4032	BIT	R	1	0	1	Input over voltage.
0x4033	BIT	R	1	0	1	Output under voltage.
0x4034	BIT	R	1	0	1	Output over voltage.
0x4035	BIT	R	1	0	1	Output overload.
0x4036	BIT	R	1	0	1	Input over current.
0x4037	BIT	R	1	0	1	Auxiliary output overload.
0x4038	BIT	R	1	0	1	External temperature sensor error.
0x4039	BIT	R	1	0	1	Backup time left < 25%.
0x403A	BIT	R	1	0	1	Warning over temperature.
0x403B	BIT	R	1	0	1	Error over temperature.

Table 3: Modbus fields

4 User interface

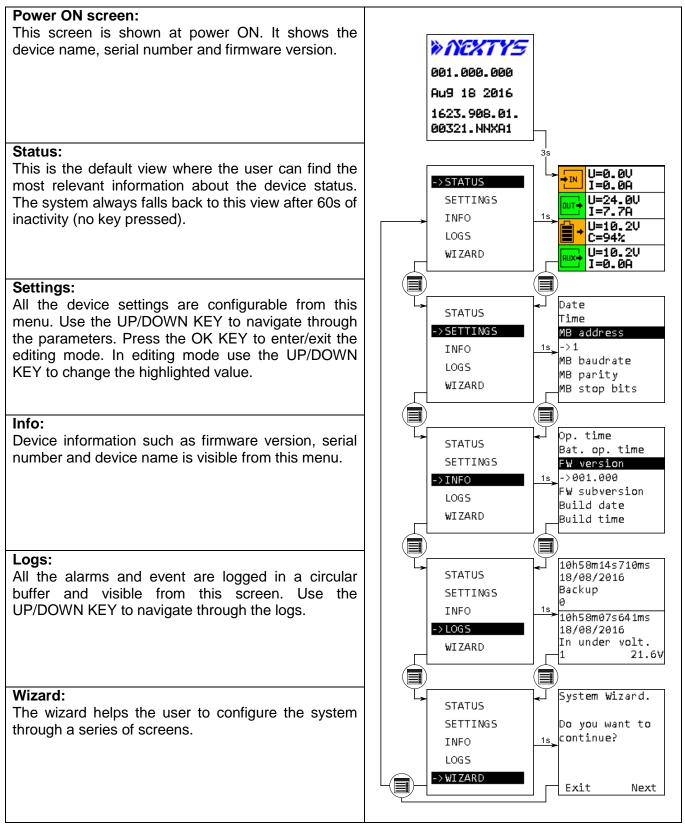


Table 4: User interface layout

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Symbol	Name	Function
	MENU KEY	Scrolls between menus.
Ŷ	DOWN KEY	Scrolls down menus and values.
Ŷ	UP KEY	Scrolls up menus and values.
~	OK KEY	Confirms selection.

Table 5: User interface key

4.1 Status

The status screen shows the measurement and statuses to ease the system diagnostic. The screen is divided in sections identified by the symbols shown below:

→IN	Input: The measured input voltage and current is shown in this section.
∎ит⇒	Output: The measured output voltage and current is shown in this section.
	Battery : The battery voltage, current, temperature, resistance and charge are shown in this section. During charging and discharging the symbol background color changes to orange and the number of bars drawn inside reflects the charge status. During discharging and charging an arrow drawn beside the symbol reflects the direction of the current flowing through the battery, pointing towards the battery during charging. Battery section is not present in DC/DC mode.
RUX⇒	Auxiliary: The measured auxiliary output voltage and current is shown in this section.

For each section the icon background color reflects its status, green on healthy state or red/orange otherwise.

Furthermore, in case of alarm a message appears on the screen after 60s of inactivity (no key pressed).

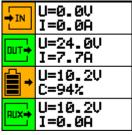
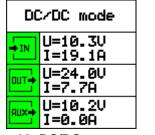
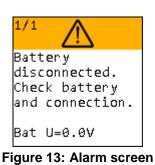


Figure 11: UPS status screen







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4.2 Settings

The setting menu contains all the configurable parameters available to the user. Use the UP/DOWN KEY to navigate through the menu items. Press the OK KEY to enter and exit the editing mode, exiting the edit mode stores and activates the new configuration. While in editing mode use the UP/DOWN KEY to change the selected value. All settings are also accessible via Modbus at the specified address. All the battery related settings are ignored in DC/DC operating mode.



4.2.1 Modbus address		
Default value	Range	Resolution
1	1247	1
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address
NA	Modbus address	0x1000
The Modbus slave address for th	e device. The same address is use	d for USB and RS485 connection.

4.2.2 Modbus baudrate

Default value 38400	Values (Modbus value) 9600 (1), 19200 (2), 38400 (3)), 57600 (4), 115200 (5)		
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address		
NA	Modbus baudrate	0x1001		
The baudrate for Modbus over RS485 serial port.				

4.2.3 Modbus parity

Default value	Values (Modbus value)		
Even	None (1), Even (2), Odd	(3)	
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address	
NA	Modbus parity	0x1002	
The parity for Modbus over R	S485 serial port. Available valu	ues are None, Even, Odd.	

4.2.4 Modbus stop bits

	-		
Default value	Range	Resolution	
1	1, 2	1	
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address	
NA	Modbus stop bits	0x1003	
The parity for Modbus	over RS485 serial port.		

4.2.5 Battery type

Default value	Values (Modbus value)	
Pb	Lead (1), Nickel (2), I	_ithium (3), SuperCap (4)
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address
NA	Bat. type	0x1010
Defines the type of ba	ttery connected to the device. See	§3.1.3 for details about the different charging

4.2.6 Battery charge voltage

Default value	Range	Resolution		
10V	1058V	0.1V		
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address		
Volts	Bat. charge U	0x1011		
The maximum voltage applied to the battery while charging. See §3.1.3 for details about the use of this parameter on the different charging algorithms.				

4.2.7 Battery charge current

Default value	Range	Resolution		
0.5A	0.520A	0.1A		
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address		
Amperes	Bat. charge l	0x1012		
The maximum current	sourced to the battery while charging	ing. See §3.1.3 for details about the use of		
this parameter on the different charging algorithms.				

		V
4.2.8 Battery flo	at voltage	
Default value	Range	Resolution
10V	1058V	0.1V
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address
Volts	Bat. float U	0x1013
	e applied to the battery once it's full on the different charging algorithms.	y charged. See §3.1.3 for details about the

4.2.9 Battery low voltage	je		
Default value	Range	Resolution	
5V	558V	0.1V	
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address	
Volts	Bat. low U	0x1014	
Threshold for "Battery low" al	arm (§4.4.2.9).		

4.2.10 Battery deep discharge voltage			
Default value	Range	Resolution	
5V	558V	0.1V	
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address	
Volts	Bat. deep disch. U	0x1015	
Threshold for the "Bat	ttery deep discharged" alarm (§4.4.2.10)		

Default value	Range	Resolution	
21A	521A	0.1A	
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address	
Amperes	Bat. max. disch. I	0x1016	
During backup the DCW20 limits the maximum discharge current to this value reducing the output			
voltage if necessary.			

4.2.12 Battery capacity - Supercap capacitance			
Default value	Range	Resolution	
1Ah or 1F	1200Ah or F	0.1Ah or F	
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address	
Ampere hours or Farad	Bat. capacity	0x1017	
Nominal capacity (Ah) of the i	nstalled battery or capacitance	(F) in case a Supercapacitor is installed.	
		ge (SoC) during charge and discharge.	

4.2.13 Battery min	. temperature		
Default value	Range	Resolution	
-40°C	-4060°C	1°C	
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address	
Celsius	Bat. min. T	0x1018	
Threshold for the "Bat	tery under temperature" alarm (§4.4)	.2.3).	

4.2.14 Battery max. temperature

Default value	Range	Resolution	
60°C	-4060°C	1°C	
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address	
Degree Celsius	Bat. max. T	0x1019	
Threshold for the "Battery	v over temperature" alarm (§4.4.2	.4).	

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4.2.15 Battery lifetime Default value Range Resolution 100kh 1...100kh 1kh Unit LCD name Modbus address Kilo hours Bat. lifetime 0x101A Threshold for the "Battery lifetime elapsed" alarm (§4.4.2.5). Kilo hours

4.2.16 Ri alarm mode

Default value	Values (Modbus value)	
Disabled	Disabled (0), Fixed (1), Automat	tic (2), Auto. Done (3)
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address
NA	Ri mode	0x101B
Mode of operation for the "Battery Ri too high" alarm (§4.4.2.2).		

4.2.17 Ri nom.

Default value	Range	Resolution
1mΩ	1300mΩ	0.1mΩ
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address
Milli ohm	Ri nominal	0x101C
Used for the threshold calculation of the "Battery Ri too high" alarm (§4.4.2.2).		

4.2.18 Ri max. variation Default value Range Resolution 300% 50...300% 1% Unit LCD name Modbus address Percent Ri max. variation 0x101D Used for the threshold calculation of the "Battery Ri too high" alarm (§4.4.2.2).

4.2.19 Operating mode

Default value	Values (Modbus value)		
UPS	UPS (1), DC/DC (2)		
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address	
NA	Operating mode	0x1020	
NAOperating mode0x1020Defines the DCW20 operating mode. See §3.1 and §3.2 for details of each mode.			

4.2.20 Nominal output voltage

Default value	Range	Resolution
10V	1058V	0.1V
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address
Volts	Output nominal U	0x1021
UPS mode: DCW20 enters backup mode when the output voltage drops below 90% of the nominal		
value, it is also the regulated output voltage during backup.		
DC/DC mode: it corresponds to the regulated output voltage		

DC/DC mode: it corresponds to the regulated output voltage.

4.2.21 Max. input current			
Default value	Range	Resolution	
20A	521A	0.1A	
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address	
Amperes	Max input I	0x1022	

UPS mode: DCW20 limits the maximum input current to this value reducing the battery charging current if necessary.

DC/DC mode: DCW20 limits the maximum input current (in DC/DC mode the input is connected to the battery connection) to this value reducing the output voltage if necessary.

4.2.22 Max. output current

Default value	Range	Resolution
20A	521A	0.1A
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address
Amperes	Max output I	0x1023
DCW20 limits the maximum output current to this value reducing the output voltage if necessary.		

4.2.23 Max. Backup time enable

Default value	Values (Modbus value)	
Disabled	Disabled (0), Enabled (1)	
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address
NA	Backup time enable	0x1024
If enabled the DCW20 shuts do (§4.2.24).	own if the backup last more that	n the "Max. backup time" value

4.2.24 Max. backup time

Default value	Range	Resolution
1440min	11440min	1min
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address
Minutes	Back. time max	0x1025
If "Max. Backup time enable" field is enabled the DCW20 shuts down if the backup last more than the		
specified amount of time.		

4.2.25 Buzzer enable

Default value	Values (Modbus value)	Values (Modbus value)	
Disabled	Disabled (0), Enabled (1	Disabled (0), Enabled (1)	
Unit	LCD name	LCD name Modbus address	
NA	Buzzer enable	<i>0x1026</i>	
Enable/Disable buzzer sound in case of alarm.			

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4.2.26 Relay 1 configuration

Default value	Flags (bit)	
Normally open, Bat. life time,	5-(Soc < 25% (2), Bat. life time (3),
Bat. Ri too high, Bat. Charge	Bat. Ri too high (4), Bat. Low (5), Bat. Disconnected (6), Bat.	
failure	charge failure (7), Backup left < 25% (8)	
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address
NA	Relay 1	0x1027

This field defines the behavior of relay 1 as follows:

us

4.2.27 Relay 2 configuration		
Default value Normally open, Backup	Flags (bit) Normally open (0), Backup (1), Soc < 25% (2), Bat. life time (3), Bat. Ri too high (4), Bat. Low (5), Bat. Disconnected (6), Bat. charge failure (7), Backup left < 25% (8)	
Unit NA	LCD name Relay 2	Modbus address 0x1028
This field defines the behavior of relay 2 (see "Relay 1 configuration").		

4.2.28 Inhibit polarity

Default value	Values (Modbus value)	
High	Low (1), High (2)	
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address
NA	Inhibit polarity	0x1029

4.2.29 DC/DC output mode

Default value Single	Values (Modbus value) Single (1), Parallel (2)	
Unit NA	LCD name DC/DC out mode	Modbus address 0x102A
		/DC with output connected in parallel with
another unit (§3.2.1).	g	

4.2.1 Output enable

Default value	Values (Modbus value)		
Single	Single (1), Parallel (2)		
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address	
NA	Output enable	0x102B	

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4.2.1 Aux enable			
Default value	Values (Modbus value)		
Single	Single (1), Parallel (2)		
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address	
NA	Aux enable	0x102C	
Enable/Disable auxiliary output.			

4.2.2 PC shutdown enable		
Default value	Values (Modbus value)	
Disabled	Disabled (0), Enabled (1)	
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address
NA	PC shutdown enable	0x1030
See §3.1.5.		

4.2.3 PC automatic restart enable			
Default value	Values (Modbus value)		
Disabled	Disabled (0), Enabled (1)		
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address	
NA	PC restart enable	0x1031	
See §3.1.5.			

4.2.4 PC shutdown delay			
Default value	Range	Resolution	
3600s	13600s	1s	
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address	
Seconds	PC shutdown delay	0x1032	
See §3.1.5.	· · ·	·	

4.2.5 PC shutdown time

Default value	Range	Resolution	
600s	1600s	1s	
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address	
Seconds	PC shutdown time	0x1033	
See §3.1.5.			

4.2.6 PC restart minimum time			
Default value	Range	Resolution	
1s	160s	1 s	
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address	
Seconds	PC restart time	0x1034	
See §3.1.5.			

4.2.7 PC off detection current threshold			
Default value	Range	Resolution	
0A	020A	0.1A	
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address	
Amperes	PC OFF I	0x1035	
See §3.1.5.			



4.2.8 PC off detection timer			
Default value	Range	Resolution	
1s	160s	1 s	
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address	
Seconds	PC OFF time	0x1036	
See §3.1.5.			

4.2.9 Battery installation date

Default value	Range		
1 st January 2000	from 1 st January 2000 to 31 st De	cember 2099	
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address	
NA	Bat. installation date	0x1100	
This field is used to compute the battery lifetime. If the battery lifetime exceeds the "Battery lifetime" value (§4.2.15), the "Battery lifetime elapsed" alarm (§4.4.2.5) activates.			

4.2.10 Battery charge cycles			
Default value	Range	Resolution	
0	065535	1	
Unit	LCD name	Modbus address	
Cycles Bat. charge cycles 0x1104			
The value increments automatically at the end of a battery charge cycle.			

4.3 Info

While in the info menu, use the UP/DOWN KEY to navigate through the menu items. The fields are also accessible via Modbus at the specified address. Modbus device identification fields are read using function 43/13 (0x2B/0x0E) at the specified object id.

4.3.1 Firmware version	
LCD name	Modbus
FW version	Device Identification Object Id 0x02
3.3 digit indicating the firmware major minor version	n

4.3.2 Firmware subversion

LCD name	Modbus
FW subversion	Device Identification Object Id 0x80
3 digit indicating the firmware subversion.	

4.3.3 Build date	
LCD name	Modbus
Build date	Device Identification Object Id 0x82
Firmware build date.	

4.3.4 Build time	
LCD name	Modbus
Build time	Device Identification Object Id 0x83
Firmware build time.	



4.3.5 Serial number	
LCD name	Modbus
S/N	Device Identification Object Id 0x81
Device serial number.	

4.3.6 Boot cycles

Unit	LCD name	Modbus address
Cycles	Boot cycles	0x2010
Counter of power ON cycles.		

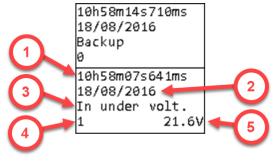
4.3.7 Operating time LCD name Modbus address Unit LCD name Modbus address Hours Operating time 0x2020 DCW20 operating hour counter. Unit Unit

4.3.8 Battery operating time			
Unit LCD name Modbus address			
Hours Bat. operating time 0x2022			
Hours elapsed since the "Battery installation date" (§4.2.9).			



4.4 Logs

Every event is logged in the device FLASH memory. From the log menu the user can view their history. Use the UP/DOWN KEYS to navigate between logs, 2 logs are visible simultaneously on the LCD.



- 1. **Time**: time at which the log occurred.
- 2. Date: date at which the log occurred.
- 3. **Name**: unique log name
- 4. Primary value: optional, see below for details.
- 5. **Secondary value**: optional, see below for details.

Table 6: Log screen

Logs are of 3 different kinds: *info, alarms* and *events*. All info and alarms have an associated Modbus field representing the current status (0 if inactive or 1 if active). For info and alarms a log is generated at each status transaction. In case of active alarm, the front LED and the buzzer turn ON.

4.4.1 Info

4.4.1.1 Battery charging		
LCD name	Modbus address	
Bat charging	0x4000	
Value1	Value2	
Inactive (0), Active (1)	Not used	
Active when the battery is charging.		

4.4.1.2 Battery floating	
LCD name	Modbus address
Bat floating	0x4001
Value1	Value2
Inactive (0), Active (1)	Not used
Active when the battery is fully charged.	

4.4.1.3 Battery discharging		
LCD name	Modbus address	
Bat. discharging	0x4002	
Value1	Value2	
Inactive (0), Active (1)	Not used	
Active when the battery is discharging.		

4.4.1.4 USB powered		
LCD name	Modbus address	
USB powered	0x4020	
Value1	Value2	
Inactive (0), Active (1)	Not used	
DCW20 is powered by USB only.		



4.4.1.5 Cold start		
LCD name	Modbus address	
Cold start	0x4021	
Value1	Value2	
Inactive (0), Active (1) Not used		
DCW20 has powered ON through cold start (see §3.1.6).		

4.4.1.6 PC shutdown	
LCD name	Modbus address
PC shutdown	0x4022
Value1	Value2
Inactive (0), Active (1)	Not used
Command to shutdowns the PC (see §	J.1.5).

4.4.1.7 PC power off	
LCD name	Modbus address
PC power OFF	0x4023
Value1	Value2
Inactive (0), Active (1)	Not used
Command to power OFF the PC (see §3.1.5), DCW20 output switches OFF.	

4.4.1.8 External temperature sensor presence	
LCD name	Modbus address
Ext. T sensor presence	0x4024
Value1	Value2
Inactive (0), Active (1)	Not used
Active if the optional external temperature sensor is connected.	

4.4.1.9 Inhibit	
LCD name	Modbus address
Inhibit	0x4025
Value1	Value2
Inactive (0), Active (1) Not used	
Active if the inhibit input signal is asserted (see §3.4).	

4.4.1.10 Output disabled	
LCD name	Modbus address
Output disabled	0x4026
Value1	Value2
Inactive (0), Active (1) Not used	
Active if the output is disabled in settir	IQS.

4.4.1.11 Auxiliary output disabled	
LCD name	Modbus address
Aux disabled	0x4027
Value1	Value2
Inactive (0), Active (1)	Not used
Active if the auxiliary output is disabled in settings.	

4.4.2 Alarms

4.4.2.1 Battery disconnected	
LCD name	Modbus address
Bat. disconnected	0x4010
Value1	Value2
Inactive (0), Active (1)	Not used
Active when no battery is detected by DCW20.	



4.4.2.2 Battery Ri too high	
LCD name	Modbus address
Bat. Ri too high	0x4011
Value1	Value2 (Milli ohm)
Inactive (0), Active (1)	Status $0 \rightarrow 1$: Offending threshold
	Status 1 \rightarrow 0: Max. measured value
Active when measured bettery interne	I registered avecand the alarm threshold (as \$2.1.2)

Active when measured battery internal resistance exceed the alarm threshold (see §3.1.2)

4.4.2.3 Battery under temperature	
LCD name	Modbus address
Bat. under temperature	0x4012
Value1	Value2 (Degree Celsius)
Inactive (0), Active (1)	Status 0 \rightarrow 1: Offending threshold
	Status 1 \rightarrow 0: Min. measured value
Active when the battery measured temperature	(using the optional external sensor) is under the

threshold specified in "*Battery min. temperature*" field (§4.2.13). If active the battery charged is disabled.

4.4.2.4 Battery over temperature	
LCD name	Modbus address
Bat. over temperature	0x4013
Value1	Value2 (Degree Celsius)
Inactive (0), Active (1)	Status $0 \rightarrow 1$: Offending threshold
	Status 1 \rightarrow 0: Max. measured value

Active when the battery measured temperature (using the optional external sensor) exceed the threshold specified in "*Battery max. temperature*" field (§4.2.14). If active the battery charged is disabled.

4.4.2.5 Battery lifetime elapsed	
LCD name	Modbus address
Bat. lifetime elapsed	0x4014
Value1	Value2 (Hours)
Inactive (0), Active (1)	Status $0 \rightarrow 1$: Offending threshold
	Status 1 \rightarrow 0: Max. calculated value
Active when the actual calculated battery lifetime exceeds the threshold specified in "Battery lifetime"	
field (§4.2.15).	

4.4.2.6 Battery charge failure		
LCD name	Modbus address	
Bat. charge fail	0x4015	
Value1	Value2	
Inactive (0), Active (1)	Not used	
Active when DCW20 could not charge the battery correctly. When active, the battery charger is		
disabled. Disconnect the battery to reset the alarm.		

4.4.2.7 Battery SoC < 25%		
LCD name	Modbus address	
Bat. SoC < 25%	0x4016	
Value1	Value2	
Inactive (0), Active (1) Not used		
Active when the battery State of Charge is under 25% of the nominal full charge capacity.		

4.4.2.8 Battery over discharge current	t
LCD name	Modbus address
Bat. over discharge I	0x4017
Value1	Value2 (Amperes)
Inactive (0), Active (1)	Status $0 \rightarrow 1$: Offending threshold
	Status 1 \rightarrow 0: Max. measured value

Active when the measured battery discharge current reaches the threshold specified in "*Battery max. discharge current*" field (§4.2.11).

4.4.2.9 Battery low	
LCD name:	Modbus address
Bat. low	0x4018
Value1	Value2 (Volts)
Inactive (0), Active (1)	Status $0 \rightarrow 1$: Offending threshold
	Status 1 \rightarrow 0: Min. measured value
Active when the measured battery voltage is under the threshold specified in "Battery low voltage"	

field (§4.2.9).

4.4.2.10 Battery deep discharged	
LCD name	Modbus address
Bat. deep discharge	0x4019
Value1	Value2 (Volts)
Inactive (0), Active (1)	Status $0 \rightarrow 1$: Offending threshold
	Status 1 \rightarrow 0: Min. measured value
Active when the battery measured voltage is under the threshold specified in "Battery deep discharge	

voltage" field (§4.2.10).

4.4.2.11 Backup		
LCD name	Modbus address	
Backup	0x4030	
Value1	Value2	
Inactive (0), Active (1)	Not used	
Active when the system is in backup (§	3.1.1).	

4.4.2.12 Input under voltage	
LCD name	Modbus address
Input under voltage	0x4031
Value1	Value2 (Volts)
Inactive (0), Active (1)	Status $0 \rightarrow 1$: Offending threshold
	Status 1 \rightarrow 0: Min. measured value
Active when the measured input voltage is under 90% of the "Nominal output voltage" field (§4.2.20).	

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4.4.2.13 Input over voltage	
LCD name	Modbus address
Input over voltage	0x4032
Value1	Value2 (Volts)
Inactive (0), Active (1)	Status 0 \rightarrow 1: Offending threshold
	Status 1 \rightarrow 0: Max. measured value
Active when the measured input voltage excee	eds 120% of the "Nominal output voltage" field
(§4.2.20).	

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4.4.2.14 Output under voltage	
LCD name	Modbus address
Output under voltage	0x4033
Value1	Value2 (Volts)
Inactive (0), Active (1)	Status $0 \rightarrow 1$: Offending threshold
	Status 1 \rightarrow 0: Min. measured value
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Active when the measured output voltage is under 90% of the "Nominal output voltage" field (§4.2.20).

4.4.2.15 Output over voltage	
LCD name	Modbus address
Output over voltage	0x4034
Value1	Value2 (Volts)
Inactive (0), Active (1)	Status 0 \rightarrow 1: Offending threshold
	Status 1 \rightarrow 0: Max. measured value
Active when the measured output voltage exce	eds 120% of the "Nominal output voltage" field
(§4.2.20).	

4.4.2.16 Output overload	
LCD name	Modbus address
Output overload	0x4035
Value1	Value2
Inactive (0), Active (1)	Not used
Active when the measured output current reaches the threshold specified in "Max. output current" field	
(§4.2.22).	

4.4.2.17 Input over current		
LCD name	Modbus address	
Input over current	0x4036	
Value1	Value2	
Inactive (0), Active (1)	Not used	
Active when the measured input current reaches the threshold specified in "Max. input current" field		
(§4.2.21).		

4.4.2.18 Auxiliary output overload	
LCD name	Modbus address
Aux overload	0x4037
Value1	Value2
Inactive (0), Active (1)	Not used
Active when an excessive load is detected on the auxiliary output.	

4.4.2.19 External temperature sensor error		
LCD name	Modbus address	
Ext. T sensor error	0x4038	
Value1	Value2	
Inactive (0), Active (1)	Not used	
Active when the external temperature sensor is not connected while it's use is mandatory like in NiMh		
battery charging.		

4.4.2.20 Backup time left < 25%	
LCD name	Modbus address
Backup time left < 25%	0x4039
Value1	Value2
Inactive (0), Active (1)	Not used
Active when the system is in backup and the maximal backup time is less than the "Max. backup time"	
filed (§4.2.2424).	



4.4.2.21 Warning over temperature	
LCD name	Modbus address
Warn. over temperature	0x403A
Value1	Value2
Inactive (0), Active (1)	Not used
Active when the internal temperature is high. If the temperature increases more the device may switch	
OFF.	

4.4.2.22 Error over temperature	
LCD name	Modbus address
Error over temperature	0x403B
Value1	Value2
Inactive (0), Active (1)	Not used
Active when the internal temperature is too high. To prevent damage the device switches OFF.	

4.4.3 Events

4.4.3.1 Power ON event	
LCD name	Modbus address
Power ON	0xE000
Value1	Value2
Power ON count	Not used
Generated at every time the DCW20 is turned ON.	

4.4.3.2 Shutdown event	
LCD name	Modbus address
Shutdown	0xE001
Value1	Value2
Shutdown count	Shutdown reason:
	1 - Deep discharge
	2 - Max. backup time elapsed
	3 - Shutdown command
	4 - Reset command
	5 - Inhibit signal
Generated at every time the DCW20 is turned OFF.	

4.5 Wizard

The wizard assists the user during the DCW20 configuration. It should be run once at commissioning.

5 Technical Specifications

See DCW20 datasheet available on <u>www.nextys.com</u>.